

LINEAR JAZZ IMPROVISATION

Songbook Series: Blue Pasa



Ed Byrne

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INTRODUCTION

Blue Pasa is comprised of exercises and etudes intended to apply Chromatic Targeting to specific tunes, as prescribed in *Linear Jazz Improvisation, Book I*. It is recommended that you study that first—or along with—this book, which applies the *Ten Chromatic Targeting Groups* of LJI (see the chart below) to *Blue Pasa*, a standard jazz tune which every practitioner knows. In these exercises we target the Reduced Melody, Guide Tone Line, and Root Progression in a variety of ways. Although arranged in order, feel free to mix and match these exercises and etudes at will.

All *Linear Jazz Improvisation* exercise books include state of the art Playback Files with which to practice. Sing all of these exercises. Read each exercise or etude at first if you must, but only as a starting point, since our goal is to make these patterns part of your vocabulary. Eventually you will be able to play them in any given tempo with the aid of a metronome alone. Play these exercises straight at first, without vibrato and inflection.

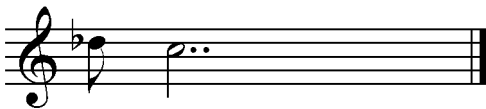
1. Play and Sing each exercise as written.
2. Play and Sing by rote (without reading).
3. Improvise on each; experiment with different jazz articulations, inflections, vibratos, tempos, and rhythmic styles.
4. Play back one exercise type, such as the reduced melody, while practicing another (guide tone line or root progression).
5. While this book is programmed to play back at q.n. = 80, you can set the document for any tempo in the tempo menu at the top.
6. Measure numbers are supplied, since you will need to type that number into the measure box at the top in order to return to a specific measure.
7. For best results, keyboard players should do all of these exercises in octaves with both hands, not looking at your keyboard or fingers.

TEN CHROMATIC TARGETING GROUPS

TYPE 1a



TYPE 1b



TYPE 2a



TYPE 2b



TYPE 3a



TYPE 3b



TYPE 4a



TYPE 4b



TYPE 5a



TYPE 5b



EXCERPTS BELOW:

SIMPLIFIED MELODY TARGETED

ED BYRNE

TYPE 1A

The first section, labeled 'TYPE 1A', consists of four staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and a common time signature (C). The melody is written in a 2/4 time signature. The first staff contains a repeat sign followed by a sequence of notes: G4, A4, B-flat4, C5, B-flat4, A4, G4, F4, E-flat4, D4, C4. The second staff continues with: B-flat4, A4, G4, F4, E-flat4, D4, C4, B-flat4, A4, G4, F4, E-flat4, D4, C4. The third staff continues with: B-flat4, A4, G4, F4, E-flat4, D4, C4, B-flat4, A4, G4, F4, E-flat4, D4, C4. The fourth staff concludes with: B-flat4, A4, G4, F4, E-flat4, D4, C4, B-flat4, A4, G4, F4, E-flat4, D4, C4, ending with a double bar line and repeat dots.

TYPE 1A 1/2 BEAT LATER

The second section, labeled 'TYPE 1A 1/2 BEAT LATER', consists of four staves of music. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and a common time signature (C). The melody is written in a 2/4 time signature. The first staff contains a sequence of notes: G4, A4, B-flat4, C5, B-flat4, A4, G4, F4, E-flat4, D4, C4. The second staff continues with: B-flat4, A4, G4, F4, E-flat4, D4, C4, B-flat4, A4, G4, F4, E-flat4, D4, C4. The third staff continues with: B-flat4, A4, G4, F4, E-flat4, D4, C4, B-flat4, A4, G4, F4, E-flat4, D4, C4. The fourth staff concludes with: B-flat4, A4, G4, F4, E-flat4, D4, C4, B-flat4, A4, G4, F4, E-flat4, D4, C4, ending with a double bar line and repeat dots.

16TH-NOTE TARGETING

TYPE 2C

The musical score consists of eight staves of music, all in G minor (one flat). The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The music is written in a single melodic line. The first staff contains a complex sequence of notes, including many accidentals (sharps and flats), and a repeat sign with first and second endings. The subsequent staves continue this melodic line with various rhythmic patterns, including sixteenth-note runs and eighth-note patterns. The final staff concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.